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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09.955,517	09 18/2001	Cyrus E. Tabery	G0228	8552
75	90 04-08-2003			
Himanshu S. Amin Amin & Turocy, LLP National City Center 1900 E. 9th Street, 24th floor Cleveland, OH 44114			EXAMINER	
			HASSANZADEH, PARVIZ	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1763	и
			DATE MAILED: 04.08/2003	<i>T</i>

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/955,517	TABERY ET AL.	,			
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Parviz Hassanzad					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE I - External after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a) In no event, howevery within the statutory minim will apply and will expire SI accuse the application to be	er, may a reply be timely filed num of thirty (30) days will be considered timel X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this corrections secome ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)[_	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25.	lanuary 2002					
2a)□		is action is non-fina	al				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowa			ne merits is			
,	closed in accordance with the practice under on of Claims						
4)[4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) 21-24 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)[•) Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 25</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) $\underline{\text{1-25}}$ are subject to restriction and/or $\underline{\text{0}}$	election requireme	nt.				
· · ·	on Papers						
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)[Fhe drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accep		•				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)[The proposed drawing correction filed on		b) disapproved by the Examin	er.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
_	Inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		100004404				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 t	J.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)L	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	- 1	- 4				
	 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
				•			
* S	 Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bu ee the attached detailed Office action for a list 	reau (PCT Rule 17	.2(a)).	Stage			
14) 🗌 A	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
	☐ The translation of the foreign language procedure. The translation of the foreign language procedure.						
Attachment		, ,	00				
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>3</u>	5) 🗌 N	nterview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No lotice of Informal Patent Application (PT ther:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-20 and 25, drawn to apparatus, classified in class 156, subclass 345.24.
- II. Claims 21-24, drawn to method, classified in class 216, subclass 60.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus can be used for monitoring a coating process.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Himanshu Amin on 2/21/03 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I (apparatus), claims 1-20 and 25.

Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 21-24 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the

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currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-8, 15-20, 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Latos (US Patent No. 4,208,240).

Latos teaches a plasma etch reactor (Fig. 1) comprising:

a plasma etch source 18 (one fabricating component operative to fabricate one or more mask features; a fabrication component driving system operably connected to the fabrication component, the fabrication component driving system operable to drive the fabricating component);

an optical monitoring system including: a laser source 22 (a system for directing light on to at least one of the one or more features),

a photo-detector 28, and a processor 42 for processing comparing the detected signal with an end point criteria 44, wherein the comparator 42 is in communication with the plasma etch source 18 (a measuring system for measuring feature parameters based on a light reflected from the feature) (column 3, line 9 through column 4, line 18).

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Further regarding claims 2, 3: the system including the comparator 42 is in communication with the plasma etch source 18 and the detector 28 (column 3, line 9 through column 4, line 18).

Further regarding claims 4, 5, 7, 8: the apparatus includes a plasma etch reactor18 for etching layers 14 and 16 in a predetermined pattern using photolithography technique (column 3, line 9 through column 4, line 18). The type of pattern being an aperture and a grating is considered a process limitation. It has been held that claims directed to apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. In re Danley, 120 USPQ 528, 531. (CCPQ 1959); "Apparatus claims cover what a device is, not what a device does" (Emphasis in original) Hewlett-Packard Co. V. Bausch & Lomb Inc., 15USPQ2d 1525, 1528 (Fed. Cir. 1990); and a claim containing a "recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed dos not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus" if the prior art apparatus teaches all the structural limitations of the claim Exparte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1987). Also see MPEP 2114.

Further regarding claim 6: the apparatus includes a photo-detector for measuring reflected light from the surface of the substrate during etching (column 3, line 9 through column 4, line 18).

Further regarding claims 16-20, 25: the depth of the etching layers is sensed by the optical system (means for sensing at least depth of an aperture). The apparatus includes plasma etch source 18 (means for etching) and digital comparator in communication with an end point criteria unit 44 and the plasma source (means for selectively controlling the etching).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 9-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Latos (US Patent No. 4,208,240) in view of Niu et al (Specular Spectroscopic scatterometry in DUV Lithography).

Latos teaches all limitations of the claims as discussed above except for the processor maps the mask into a plurality of grid blocks and makes a determination of fabrication conditions at the one or more grid blocks.

Niu et al teach a scatterometry system wherein a profile of a grating system is measured and compared to a predetermined profile (the entire document).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to implement the scatterometry system as taught by Niu et al in the apparatus of Latos in order to perform profile analysis on the entire surface of the etching layer.

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Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-20 and 25 provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13 of copending Application No. 09/893,271. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the special technical features of the apparatuses (apparatus structures) are essentially the same.

Claims 1-20 and 25 provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13, 25, 26 of copending Application No. 09/893,186. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the special technical features of the apparatuses (apparatus structures) are essentially the same.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Aspnes et al (US Patent No. 4,332,833) teach a process reactor which the operation

Aspnes et al (US Patent No. 4,332,833) teach a process reactor which the operation thereof is controlled based on a measured reflected light;

Kleinknecht (US Patent No. 4,039,370) teach an optical system for monitoring an etching of a layer beneath a masking material.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Parviz Hassanzadeh whose telephone number is (703)308-2050. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory Mills can be reached on (703)308-1633. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)872-9310 for regular communications and (703)872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

Parviz Hassanzadeh

Examiner

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April 3, 2003